

"Tri-3D" Tomography in FIB, SEM and TEM: Application to Polymer Nano-Composites

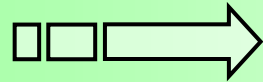
**Y. LIU¹ , H. YUAN^{1,2},
A. BOGNER-VAN DE MOORTELE¹, B. VAN DE MOORTELE²,
T. EPICIER¹**

¹Université de Lyon, INSA-Lyon, MATEIS (CLYM), *umr CNRS 5510*, F-69621
Villeurbanne Cedex

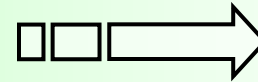
²Université de Lyon, École Normale Supérieure de Lyon, LGLTPE (CLYM),
umr CNRS5570, 46 allée d'Italie, 69364 Lyon Cedex 07, France

Available tomography approaches in Materials Science

μm



nm



Å

X-Ray Tomography



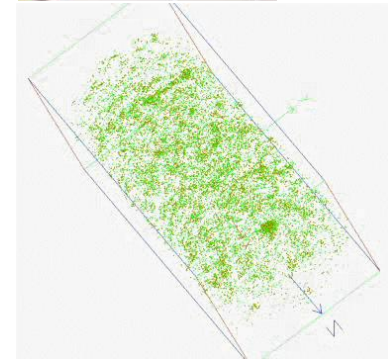
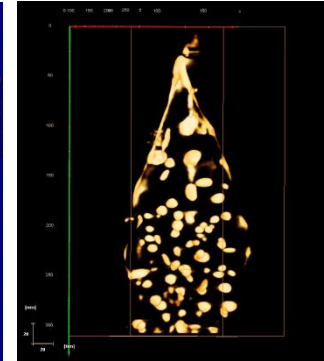
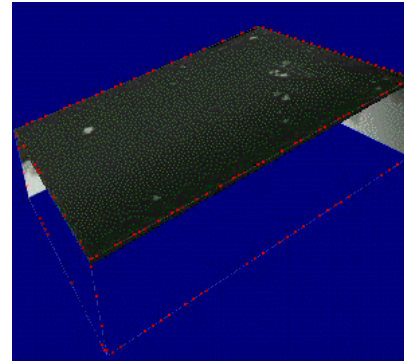
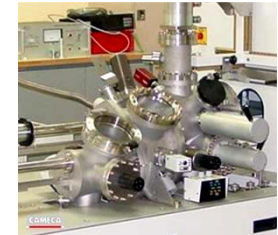
SEM / FIB



TEM



Atom Probe Tomography / Field-Ion Microscopy



J.Y. BUFFIÈRES
 (MATEIS, INSA-Lyon),
 T. CONNOLLEY
 (Galway, IRELAND)

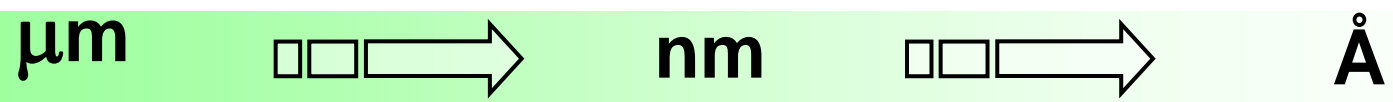
A. BOGNER, Y. LIU,
 T. EPICIER
 (INSA-Lyon)

CLYM: B. VAN DE MOORTELE
 (ENS-Lyon), A. DESCAMPS
 (INSA-Lyon), N. BLANCHARD
 (Lyon 1 University),
 T. DOUILLARD, T. EPICIER
 (INSA-Lyon)

S. BENLEKBIR,
 T. EPICIER, (MATEIS,
 INSA-Lyon), F. DANOIX
 (GPM-Rouen)

F. DANOIX (GPM-
 Rouen), M. PEREZ,
 T. EPICIER (MATEIS,
 INSA-Lyon),
 F. DE GEUSER,
 A. DESCHAMPS
 (SIMAP-Grenoble)

Available tomography approaches in Materials Science



X-Ray Tomography

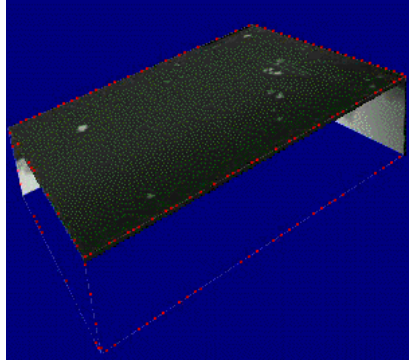


J.Y. BUFFIÈRES (MATEIS, INSA-Lyon), T. CONNOLLEY (Galway, IRELAND)

SEM / FIB

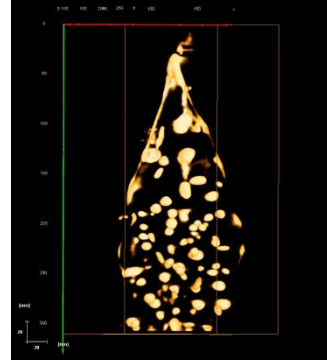


A. BOGNER, Y. LIU, T. EPICIER (INSA-Lyon)



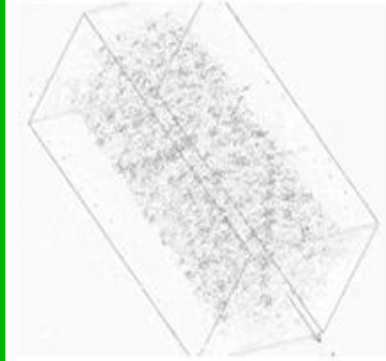
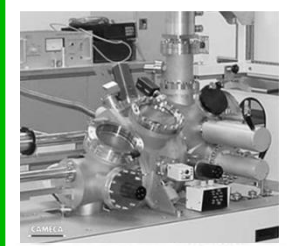
CLYM: B. VAN DE MOORTELE (ENS-Lyon), A. DESCAMPS (INSA-Lyon), N. BLANCHARD (Lyon 1 University), T. DOUILLARD, T. EPICIER (INSA-Lyon)

TEM



S. BENLEKBIR, T. EPICIER, (MATEIS, INSA-Lyon), F. DANOIX (GPM-Rouen)

Atom Probe Tomography / Field-Ion Microscopy



F. DANOIX (GPM-Rouen), M. PEREZ, T. EPICIER (MATEIS, INSA-Lyon), F. DE GEUSER, A. DESCHAMPS (SIMAP-Grenoble)

Multi-scale approach developed at MATEIS

OUTLINE

I. Materials and Techniques

I.1 Polymer-based nano-composites

I.2 Studied system: PMMA/PSBuA – SiO₂

II. Polymers and charged particles...

II.1 The shrinkage effect

II.2 Electron-induced mass-loss

III. A Tri-3D approach of polymer nanocomposites

III.1 FIB tomography

III.2 Tilting tomography in LOW VOLTAGE STEM in a SEM

III.3 Tilting tomography in TEM

IV. Conclusion

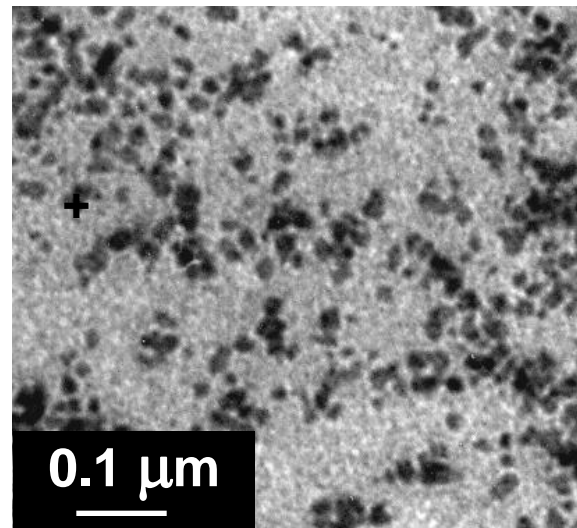
I. Materials and Techniques

I.1 Polymer-based nano-composites

ancient
Maya's
paintings



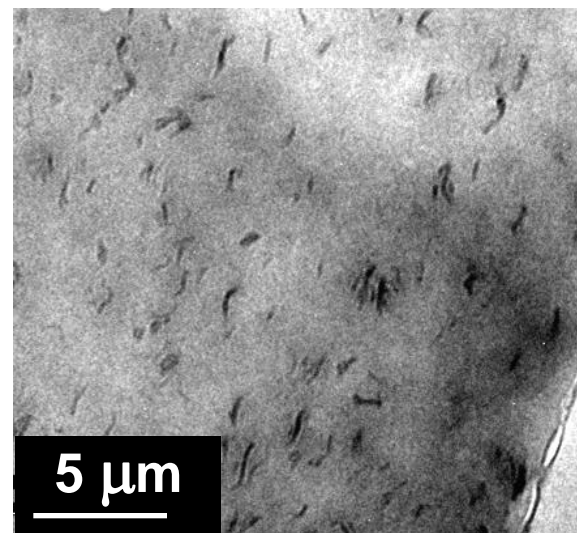
PHEMA,
5% SiO₂



1917



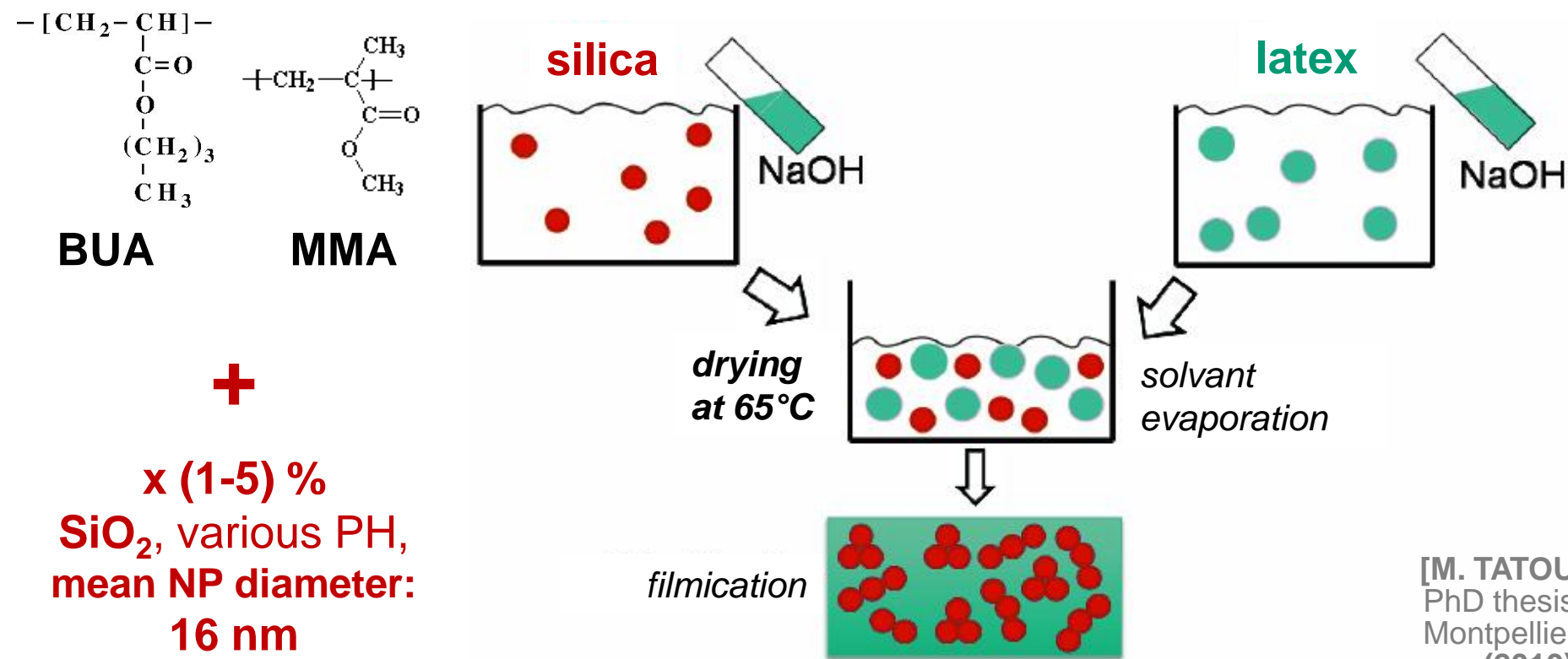
Montmorillonite
in polyamide 6
(Na,Ca)_{0,3} (Al,Mg)₂
Si₄ O₁₀ (OH)₂ nH₂O



1990's

I. Materials and Techniques

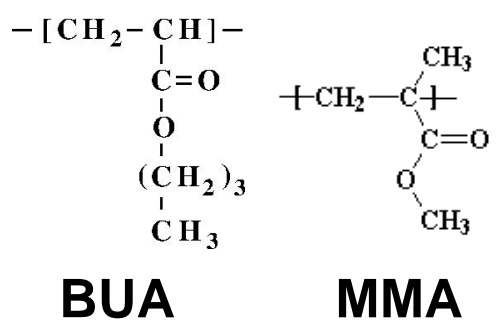
I.2 Studied system: PMMA/PSBuA – SiO₂



[M. TATOU,
PhD thesis,
Montpellier,
(2010)]

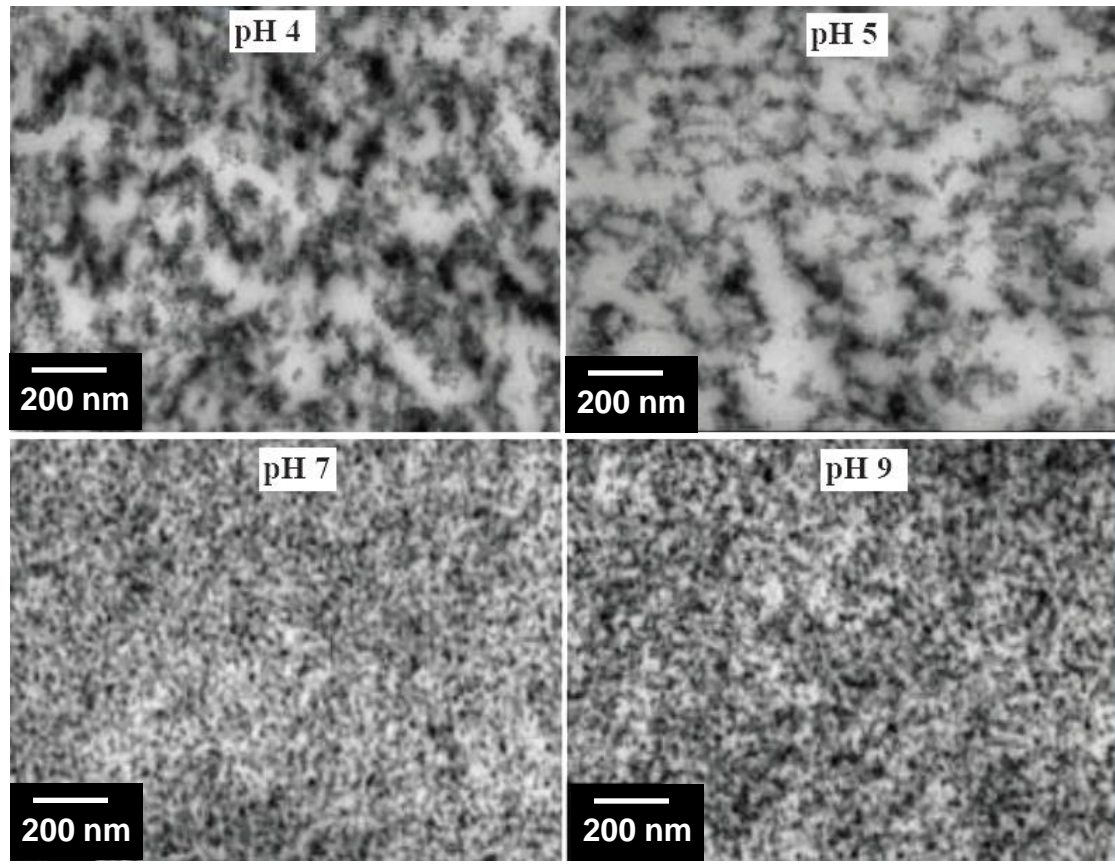
I. Materials and Techniques

I.1 Studied system: PMMA/PSBuA – SiO₂



+

x (1-5) %
 SiO₂, various PH,
 mean NP diameter:
 16 nm



[M. TATOU,
 PhD thesis,
 Montpellier,
 (2010)]

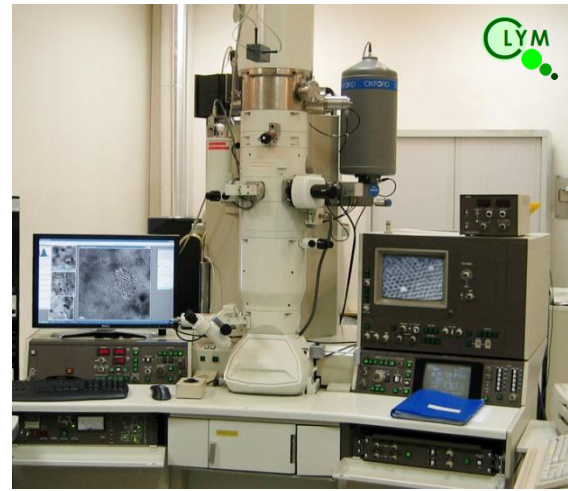
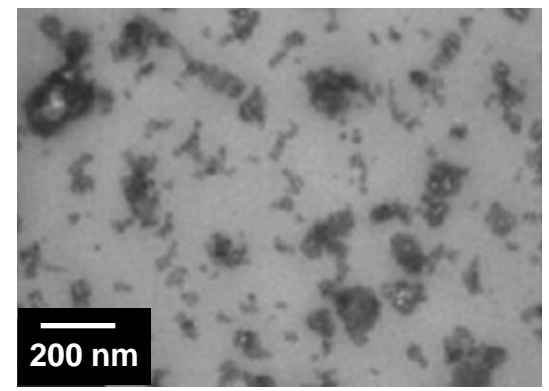
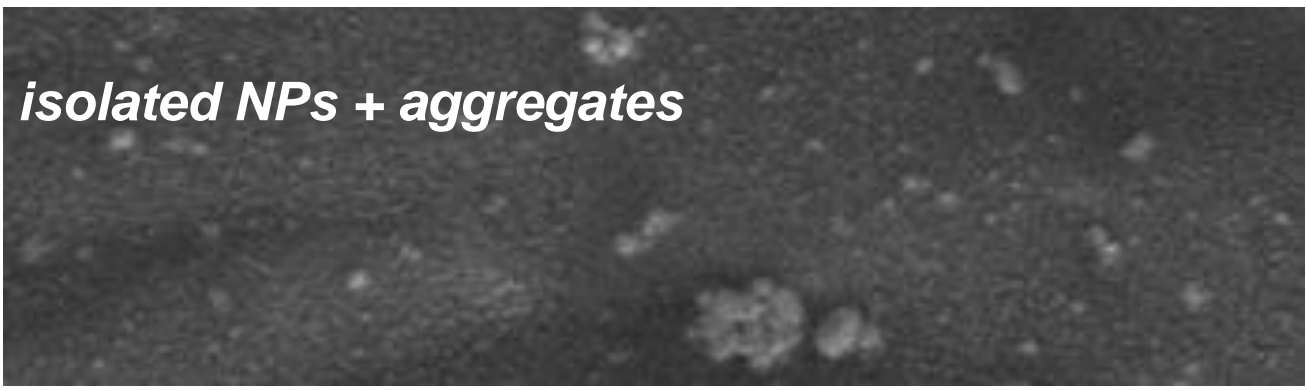
TEM (120 kV)

I. Materials and Techniques

PMMA/PBuA 1% SiO₂, PH5

SEM (1kV, cryo-fracture)

[M. TATOU, (2010)]
TEM (120 kV)

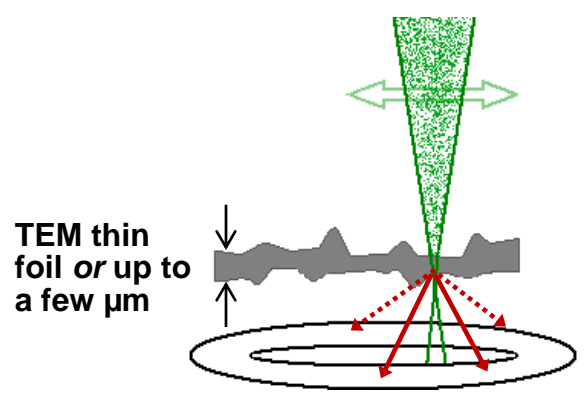


ZEISS Nvision 40 Tomo. FIB   **GRAND LYON**
Communauté urbaine

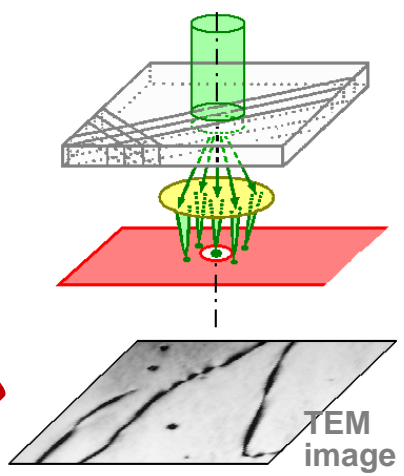
FEI XL30 30 kV Tomo 'STEM' ESEM

JEOL 2010F 200 kV Tomo. TEM-HAADF

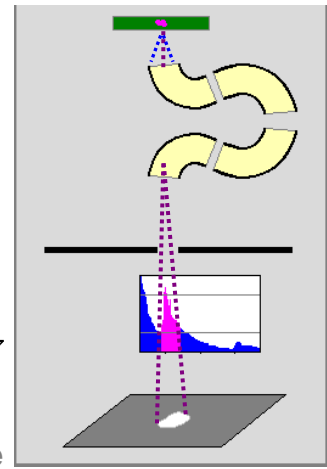
**(low-voltage STEM :
Transmission mode in a SEM)**



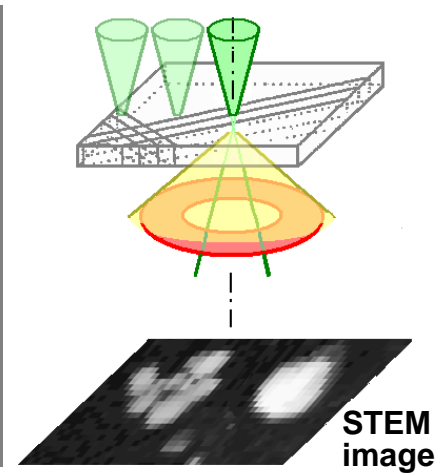
**Conventional
TEM**



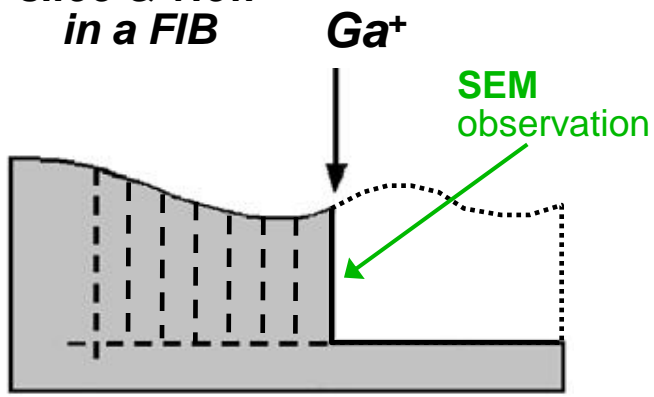
**Energy-Filtered
TEM**



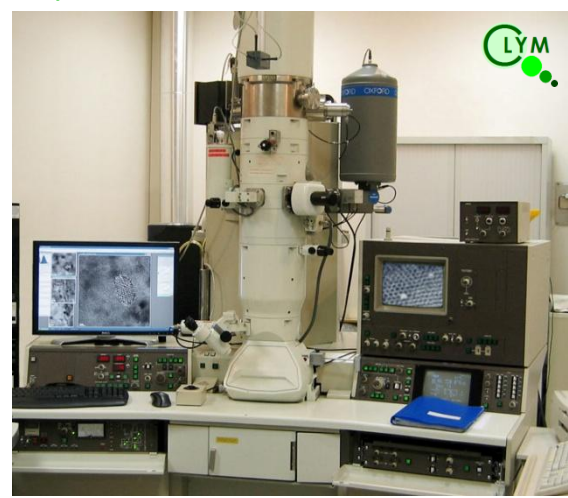
**High Angle Annular
Dark Field**



**'slice & view'
in a FIB**



FEI XL30 30 kV
Tomo 'STEM' ESEM

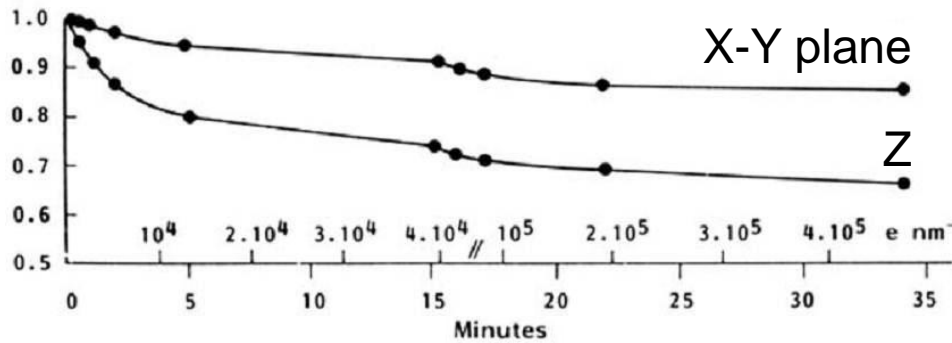


JEOL 2010F 200 kV
Tomo. (EF)TEM-HAADF

II. Polymers and charged particles

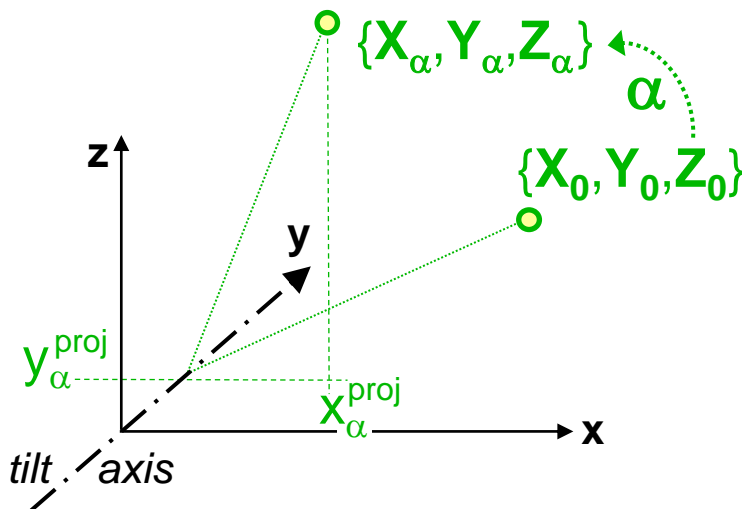
Polymers don't like charged particles!

II.1 The shrinkage effect



[P.K. LUTHER, chap. 1 in *Methods for Three-Dimensional Visualization of Structures in the Cell*, Springer (2006)]

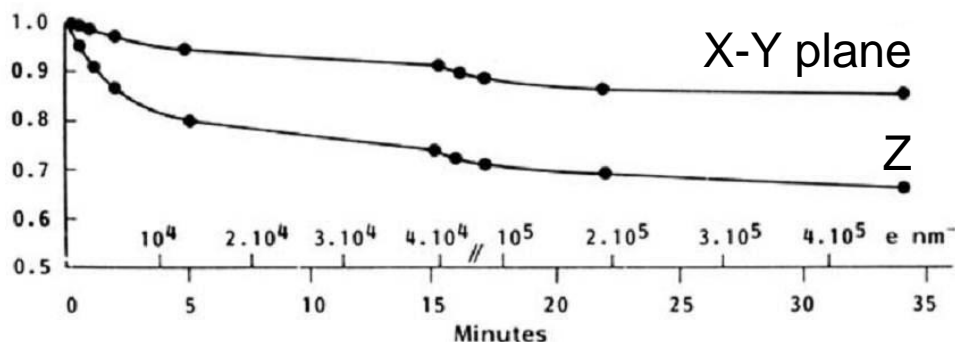
- *Rk.:* shrinkage measurement: see 'late' poster Y. LIU et al.



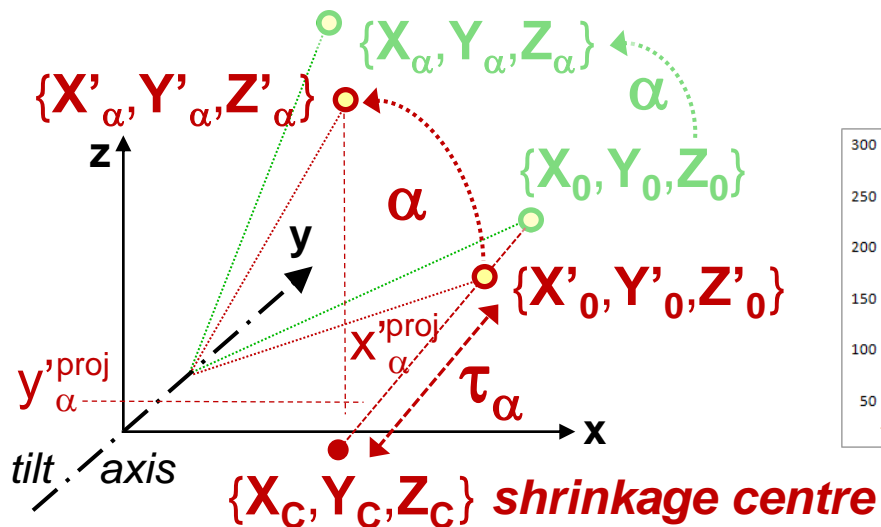
II. Polymers and charged particles

Polymers don't like charged particles!

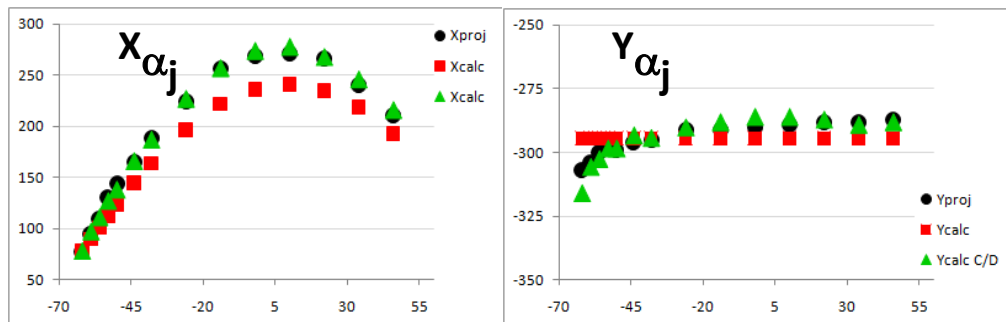
II.1 The shrinkage effect



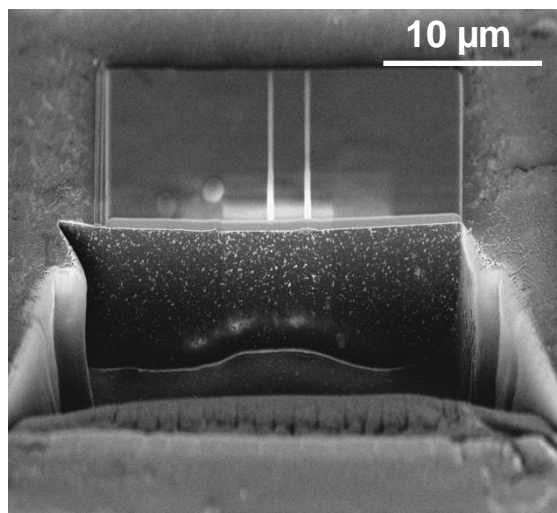
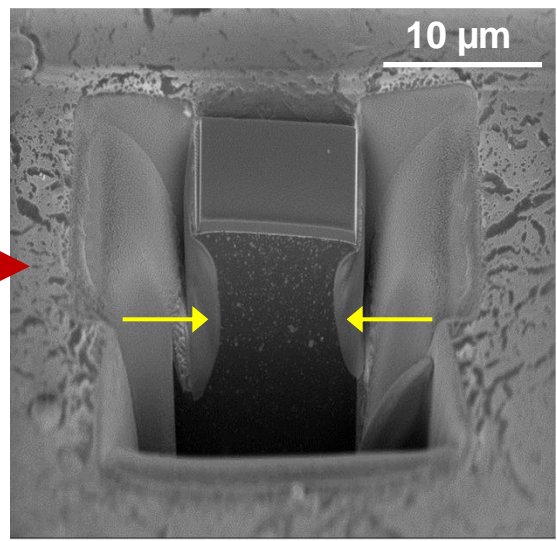
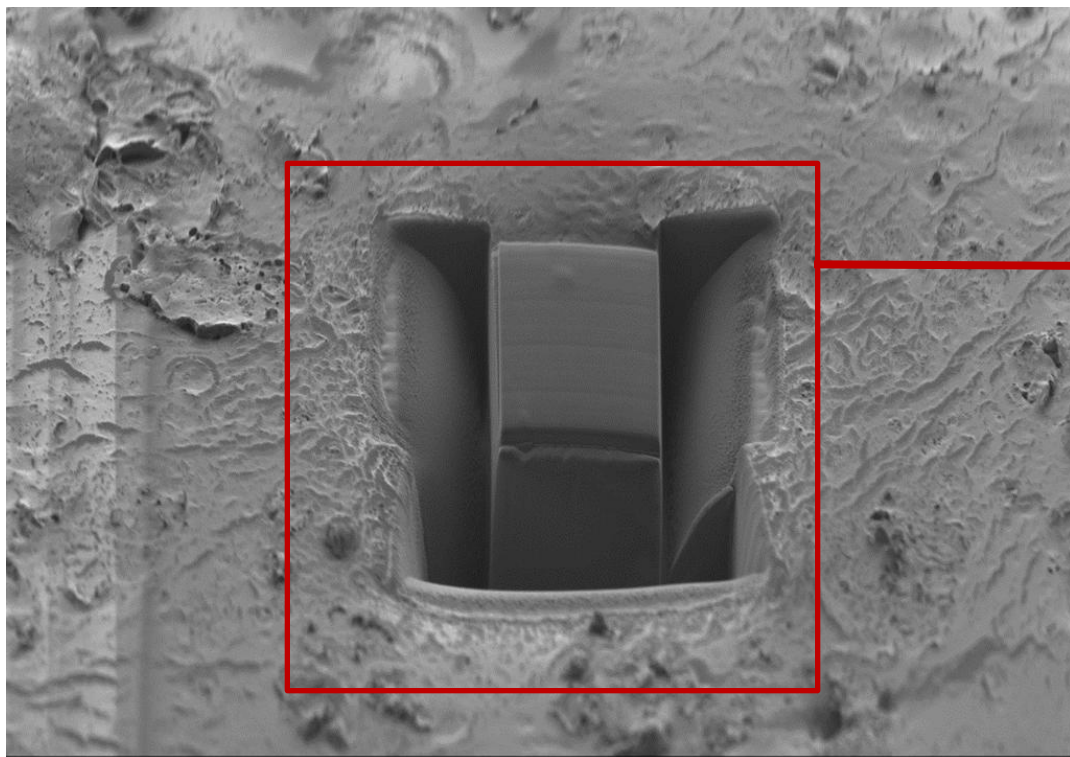
[P.K. LUTHER, chap. 1 in *Methods for Three-Dimensional Visualization of Structures in the Cell*, Springer (2006)]



● *Rk.: shrinkage measurement: see 'late' poster Y. LIU et al.*



Shrinkage during FIB observation PMMA/PBuA 1% SiO₂, PH5

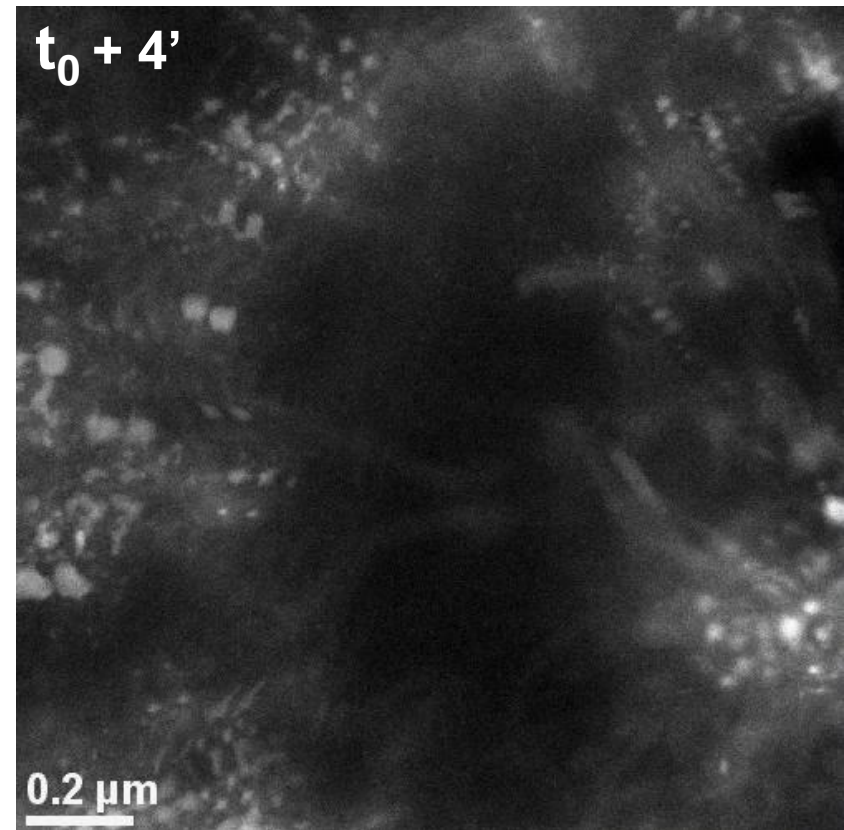
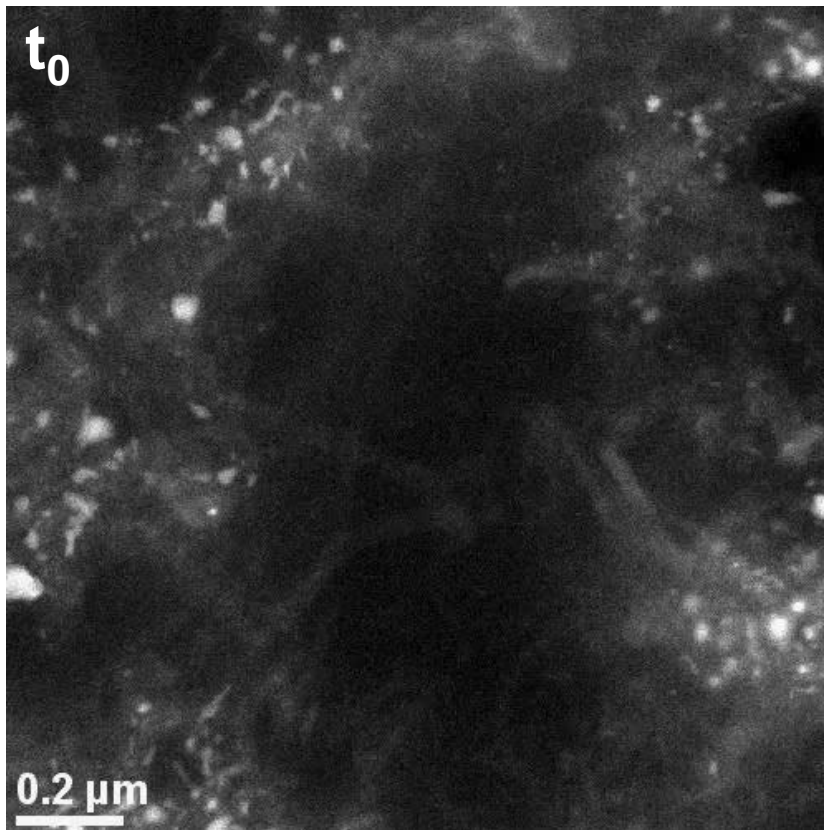


10 µm EHT = 1.00 kV Mag = 4.45 K X Pixel Size = 65.70 nm Date : 9 May 2011
 WD = 4.8 mm FIB Imaging = SEM Signal A = SESI Time : 14:26:28

adopted geometry

Shrinkage during TEM observation

CNTs@polymer - Poly(Styrene co-Butyl Acrylate) P(S-BuA) - nanocomposite



- See communication Y. LIU et al.

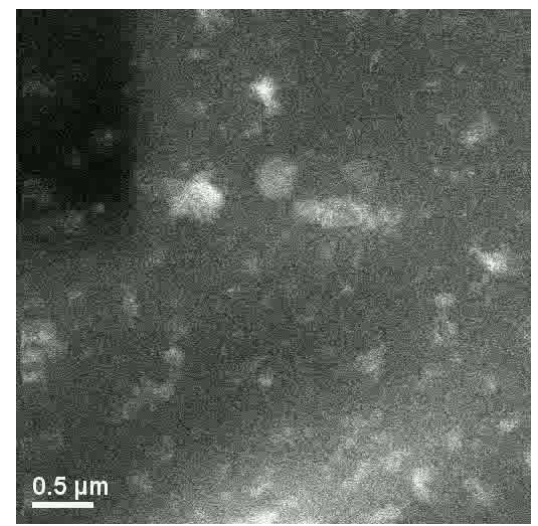
II. Polymers and charged particles

Polymers don't like charged particles!

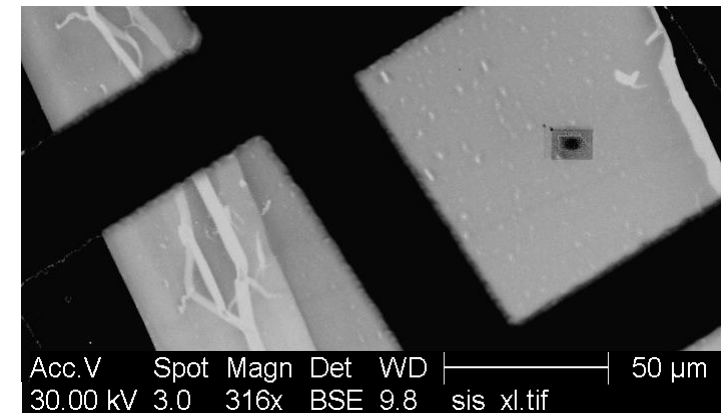
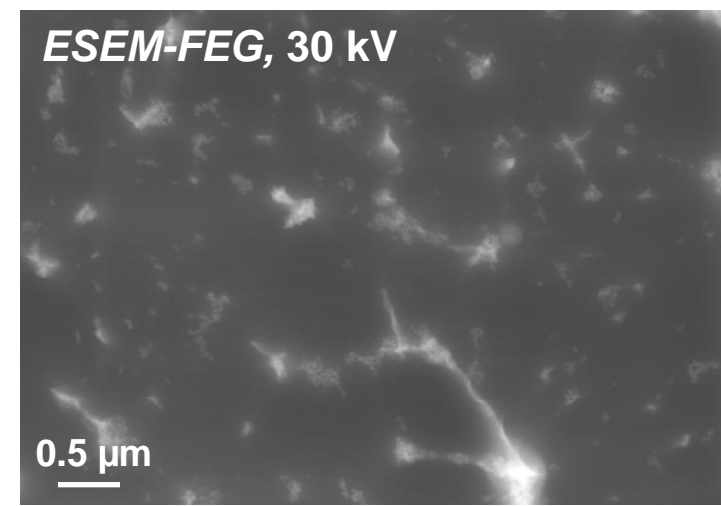
II.2 Electron-induced mass-loss

PMMA/PBuA 1% SiO₂, PH5

TEM 200 kV



STEM-HAADF
speed x2



STEM in SEM

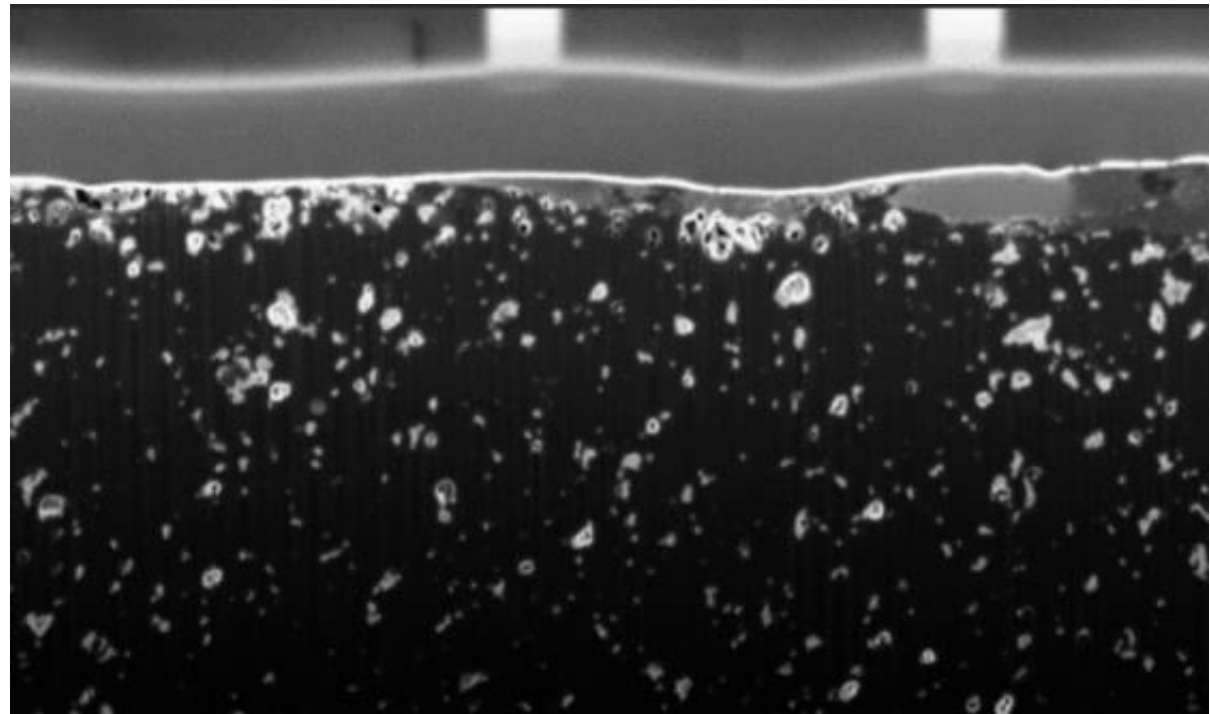
III. A Tri-3D approach of polymer nanocomposites

III.1 FIB tomography

PMMA/PBuA 1% SiO₂, PH5



1 μm



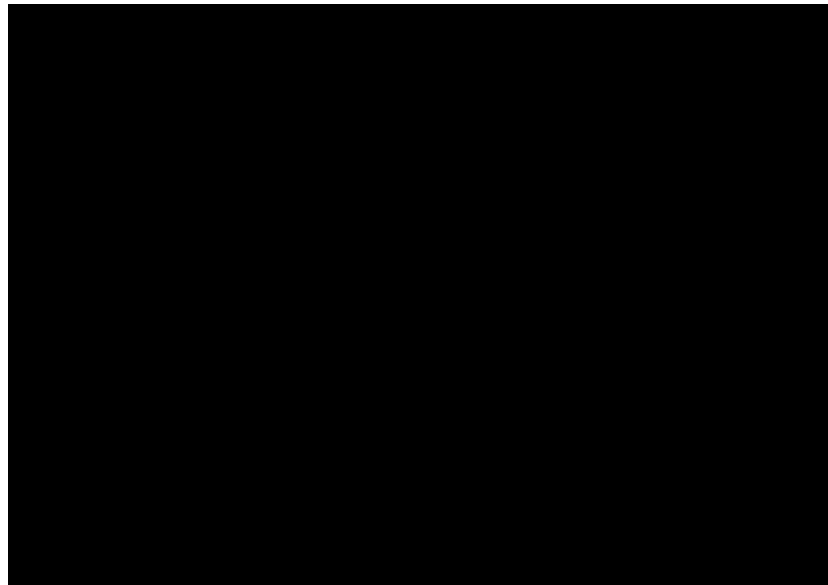
Typical sequence and depth/slice: 500 slices, 6 (to 10) nm

Note: **life / automatic correction of DRIFT**

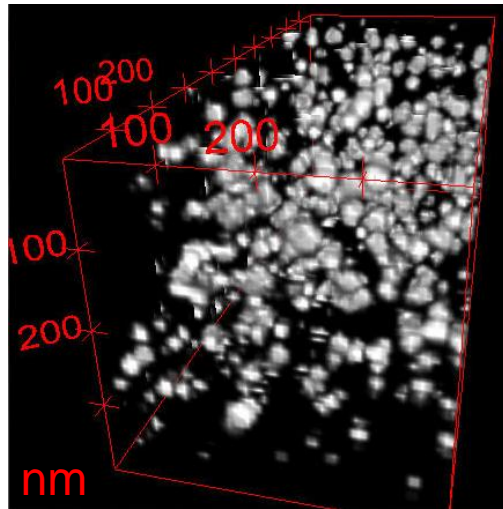
application (ZEISS API):

VB6 programming + Stackreg [P. Thévenaz et al., *IEEE Trans. on Image Proc.* 7, (1998) 27]
procedure in **FIJI** (<http://fiji.sc/wiki/index.php/Fiji>)

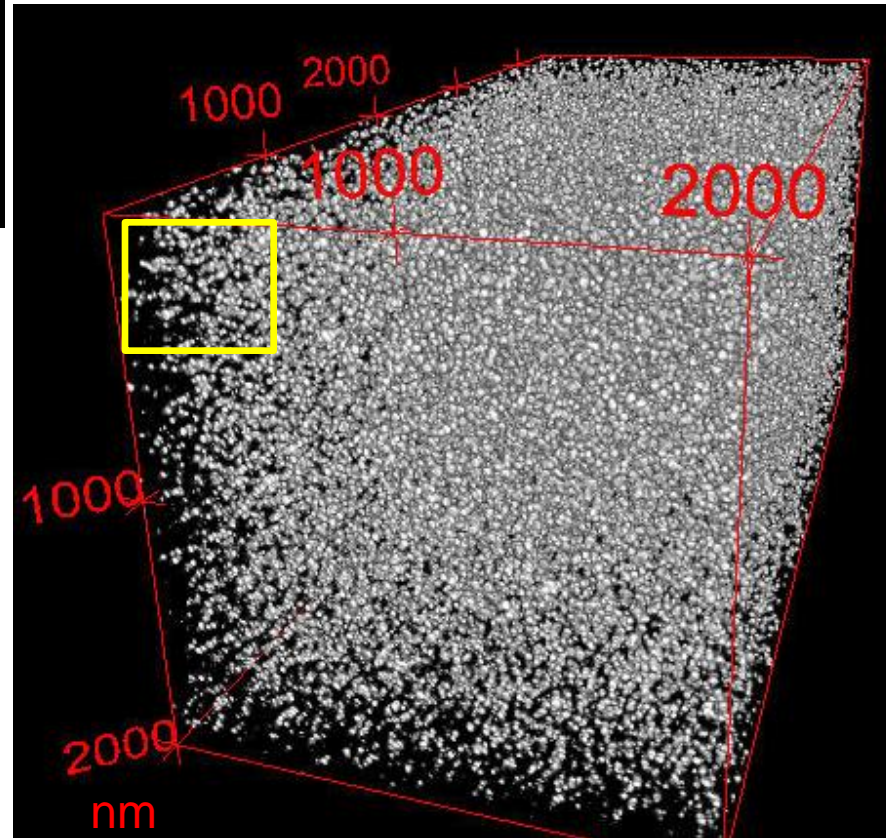
0.2 μm



- **See poster H. YUAN et al.**



100³ voxels



segmented /
erosion / dilation

500*500*454 voxels

voxel 4*4*10 nm

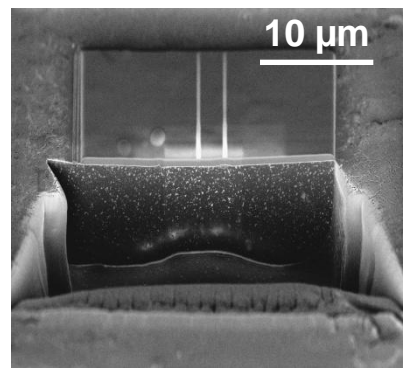
$$F_{\text{SiO}_2} = \frac{V_{\text{SiO}_2}}{V_{\text{total}}} \approx 4.9\%$$

Expected value:

1 % [M. TATOU, PhD thesis, (2010)]

● Effect of the shrinkage?

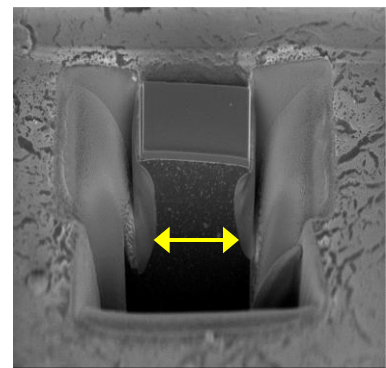
Mostly avoided in FIB...



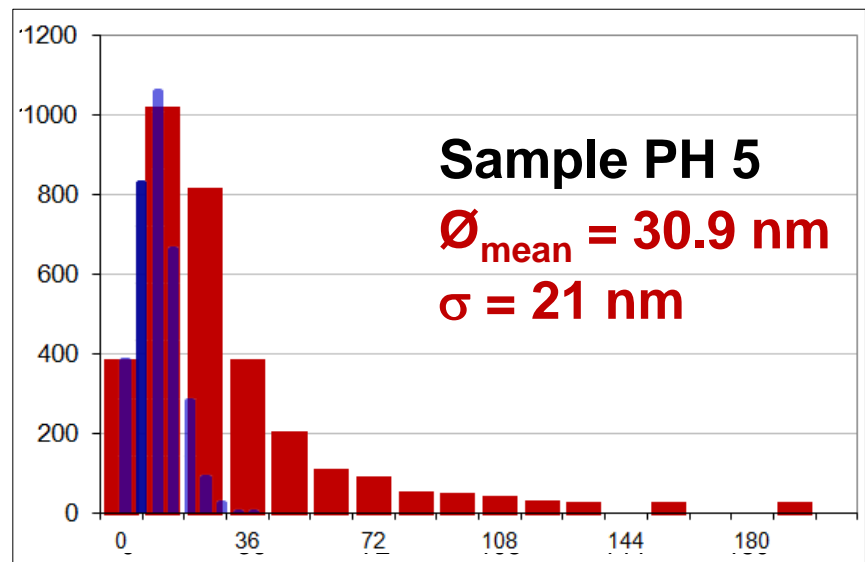
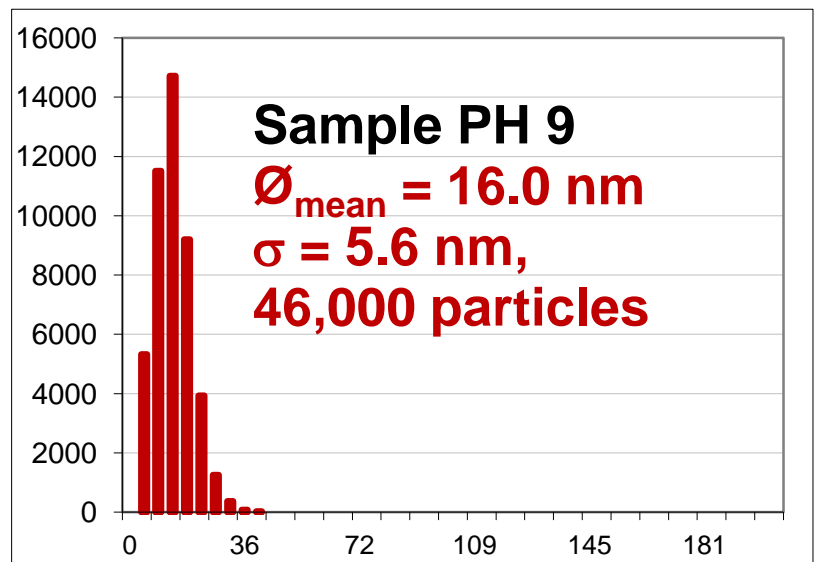
and effect less than $\approx 25\%$

$F_{SiO_2} \approx \cancel{4.9\%}$
 $\approx 3.6\%$

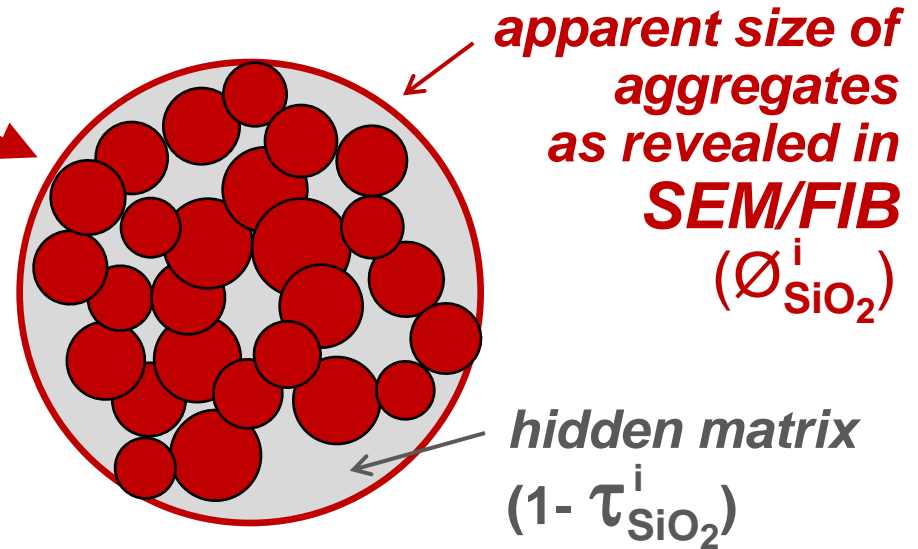
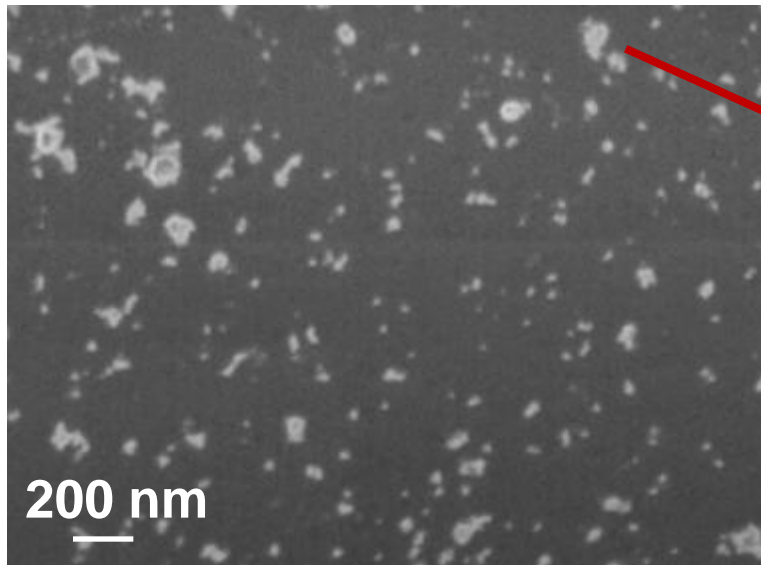
Expected value 1 %



● Structure of the particle aggregates?



SEM-FIB, 1 kV



$$V_{\text{SiO}_2}^{\text{apparent}} = \sum 4\pi(\varnothing_{\text{SiO}_2}^i/2)^3/3 \quad \text{and} \quad F_{\text{SiO}_2}^{\text{apparent}} = V_{\text{SiO}_2}^{\text{apparent}} / V_{\text{total}}$$

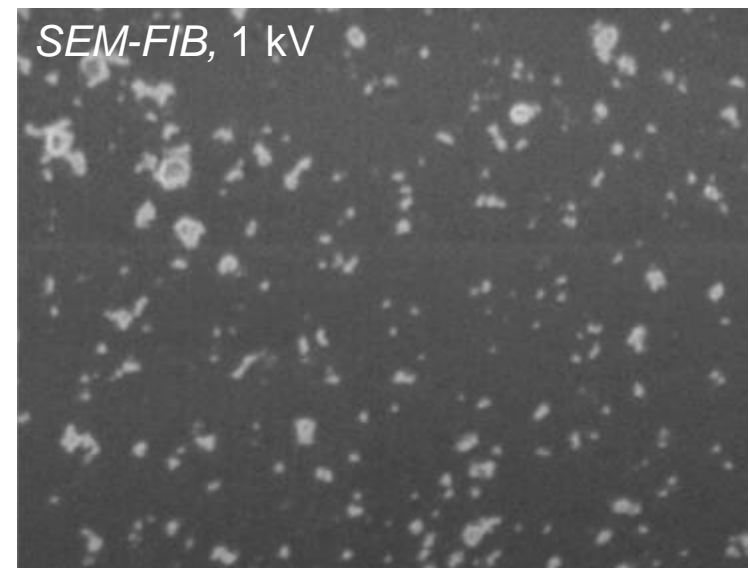
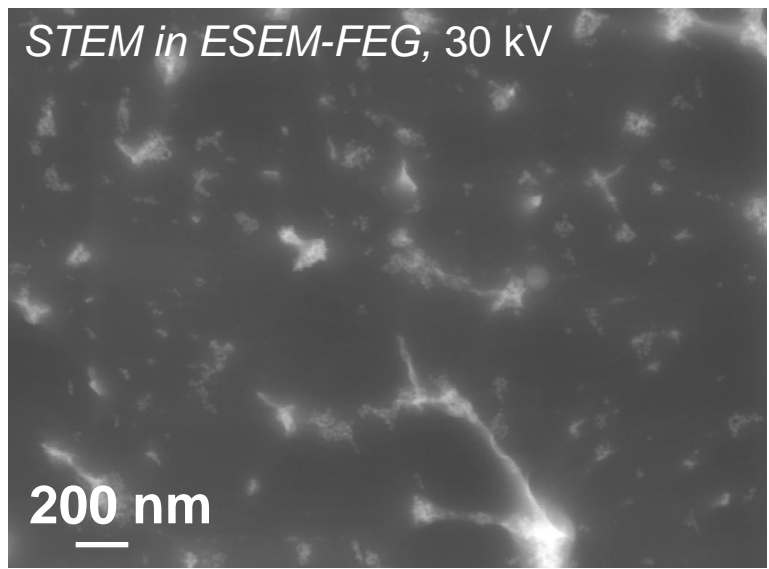
$$V_{\text{SiO}_2}^{\text{corrected}} = \sum \tau_{\text{SiO}_2}^i 4\pi(\varnothing_{\text{SiO}_2}^i/2)^3/3 \quad \text{and} \quad F_{\text{SiO}_2}^{\text{corrected}} = V_{\text{SiO}_2}^{\text{corrected}} / V_{\text{total}}$$

● **NEED for higher resolution** to measure the ratio of *hidden matrix*

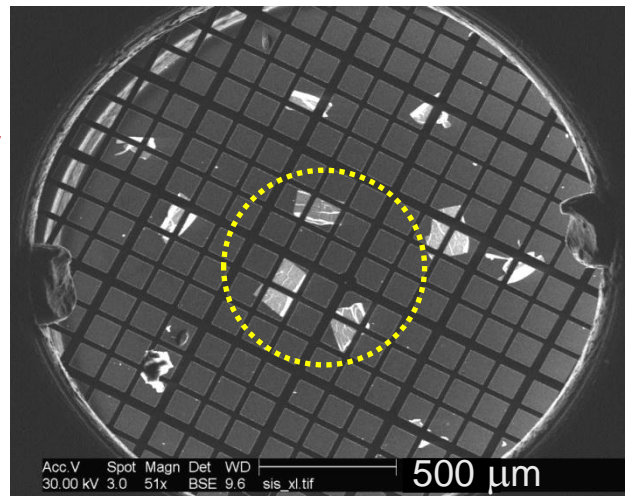
- tilting tomography in TEM

- *tilting tomography in LOW VOLTAGE SEM?*

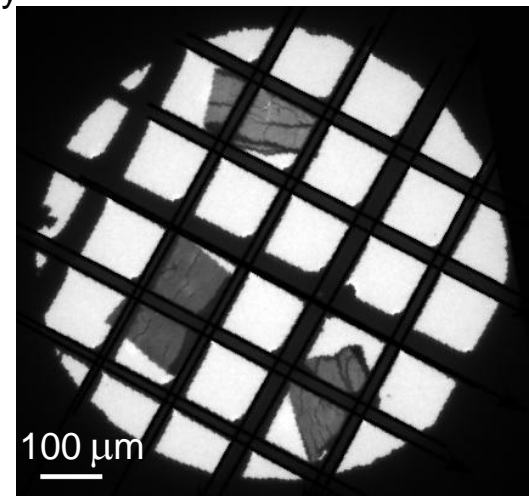
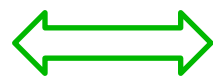
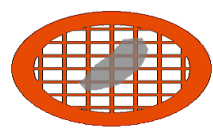
III.2 Tilting tomography in LOW VOLTAGE STEM in a SEM



STEM
mode
in a
SEM



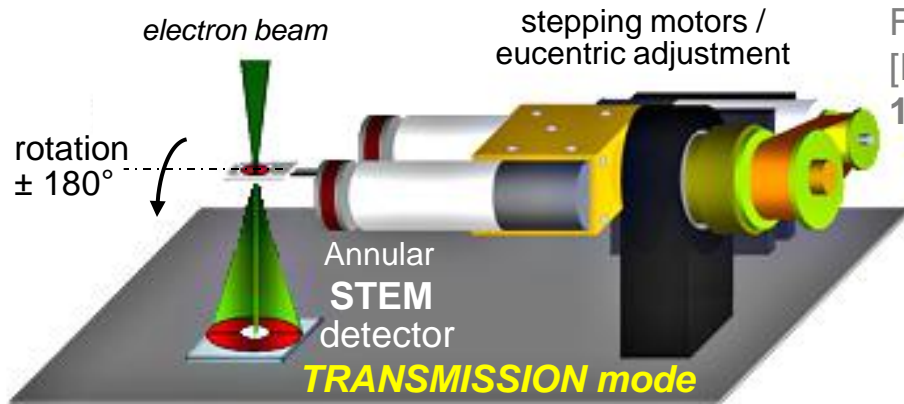
ultramicrotomy
(50-200 nm)



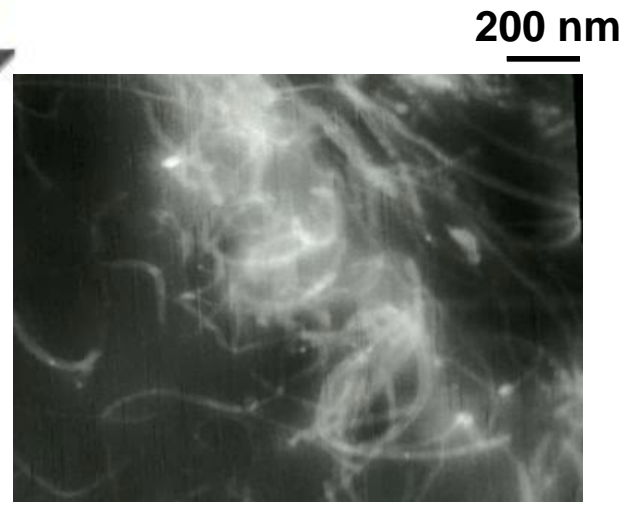
TEM
BF
mode



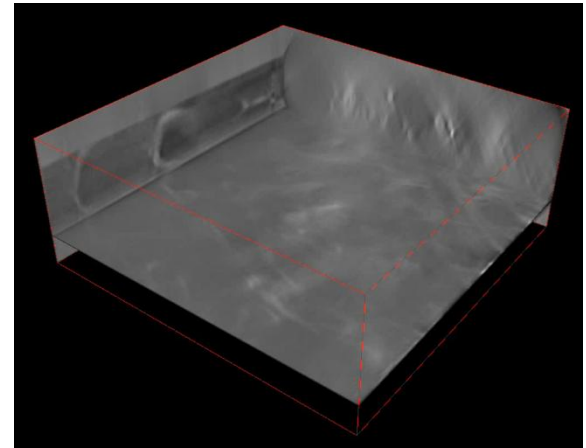
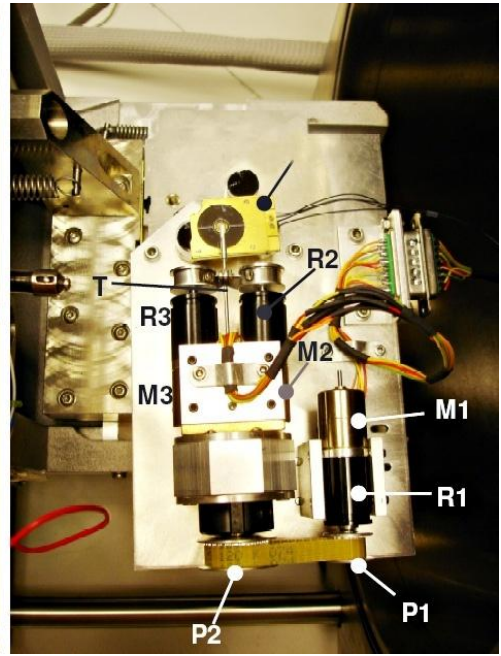
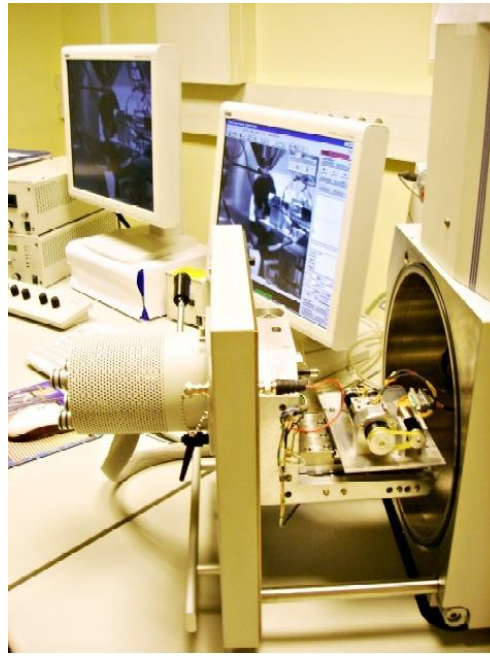
 **XL30 30 kV**
ESEM



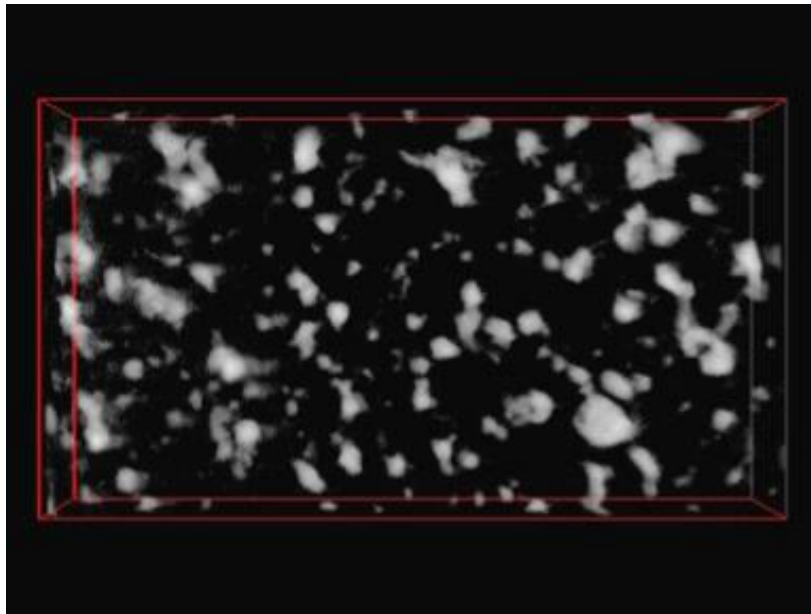
French PATENT FR06-09-708, (2006)
[P. JORNSANOH et al., *Ultramicrosc.*,
111, (2011), 1247-1254]



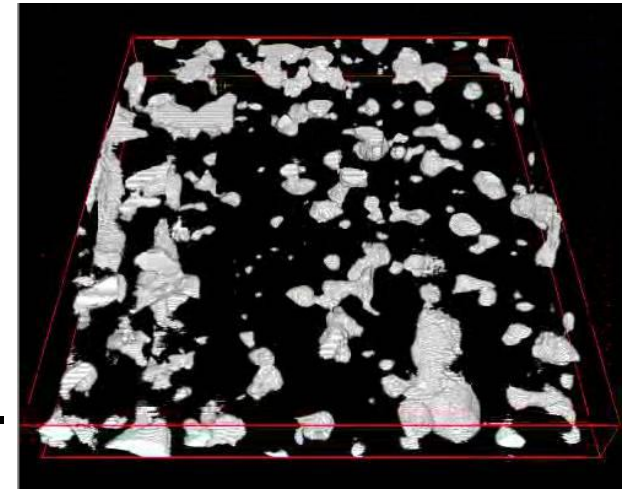
CNTs@P(S-BuA)



PMMA/PBuA 1% SiO₂, PH5



1 μm

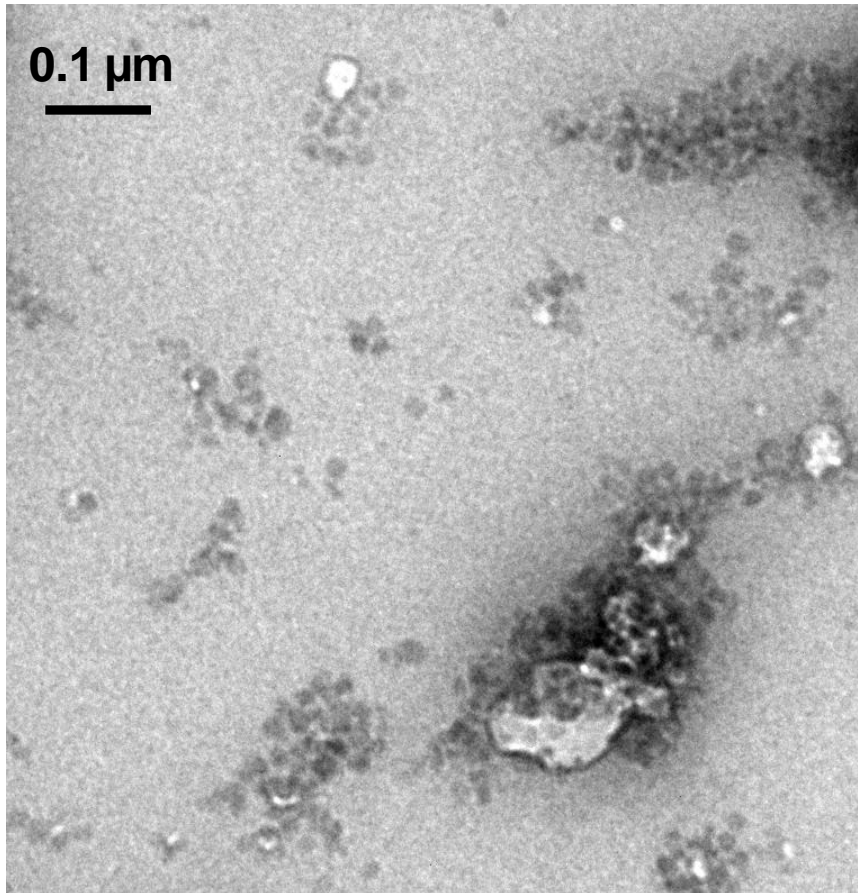


*Reconstruction from a tilted serie
 +40° / -40°, step 5°*

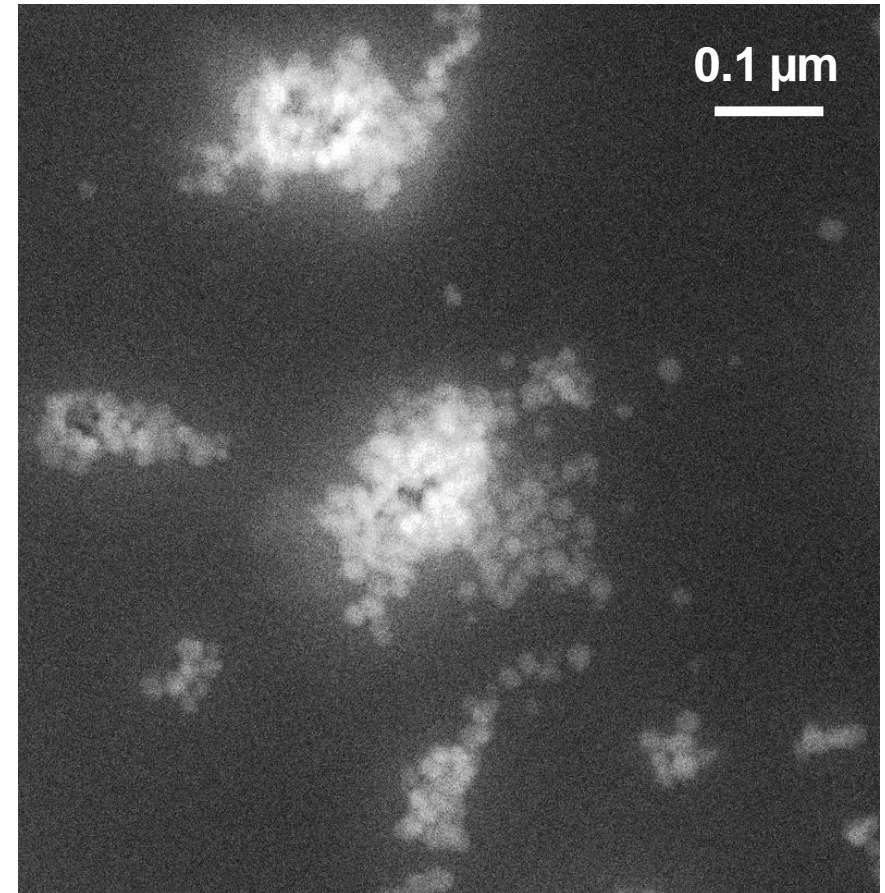
- **NO improvement in the 3D resolution (internal structure of aggregates)**

III.3 Tilting tomography in TEM (200 kV)

TEM BF mode

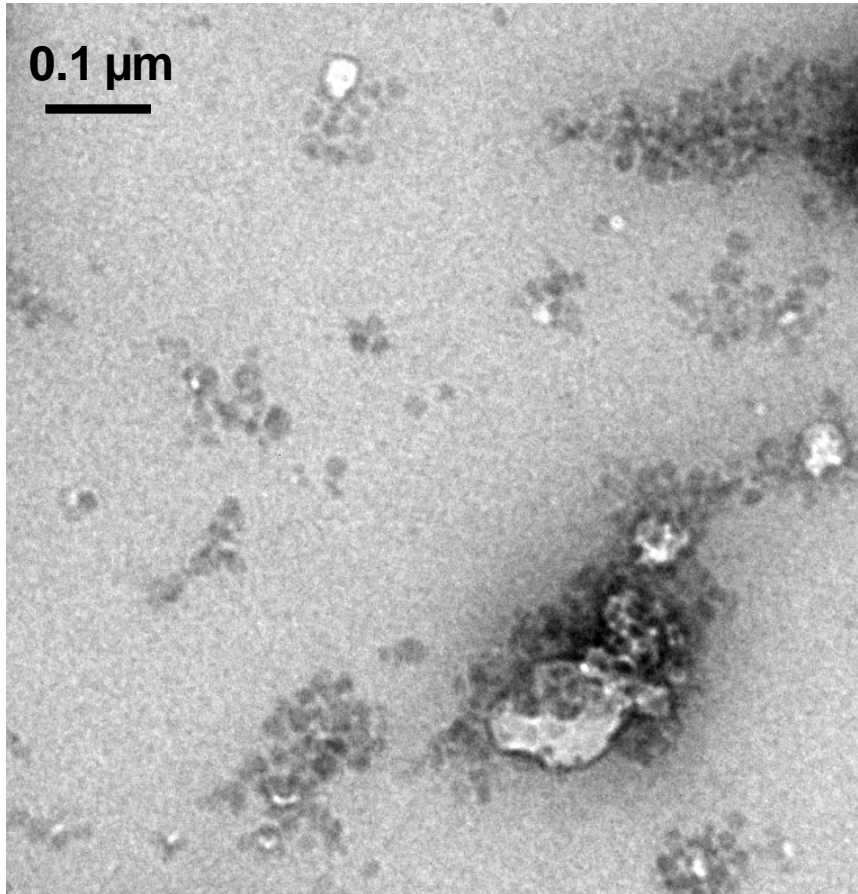


STEM-HAADF



III.3 Tilting tomography in TEM

TEM BF mode

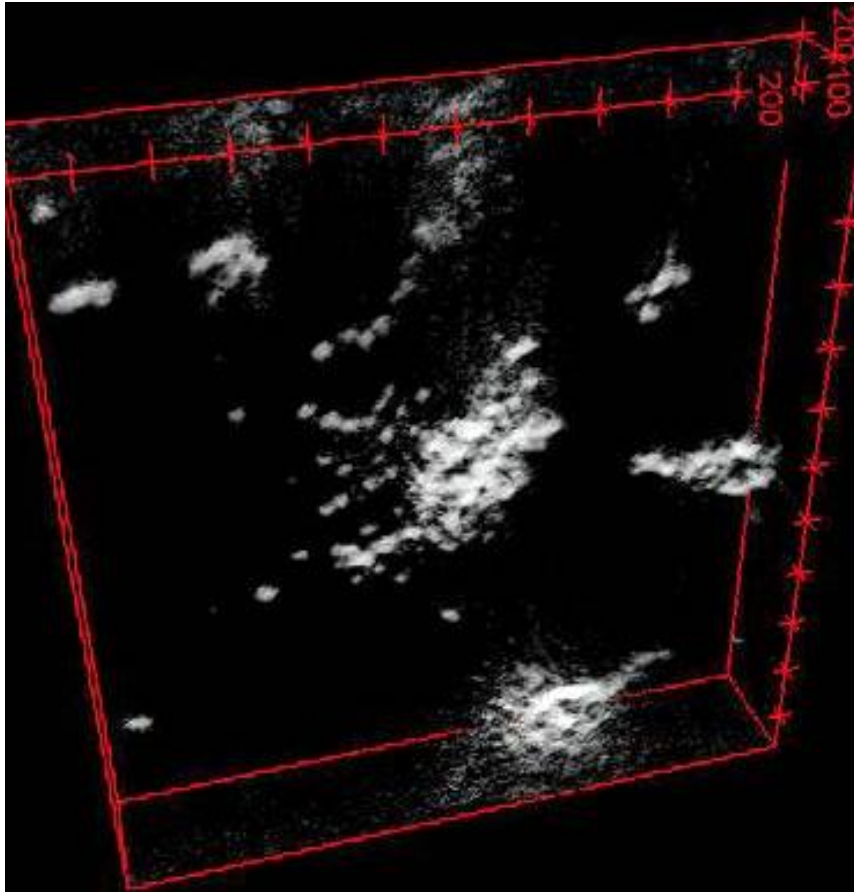


CTEM
speed x2

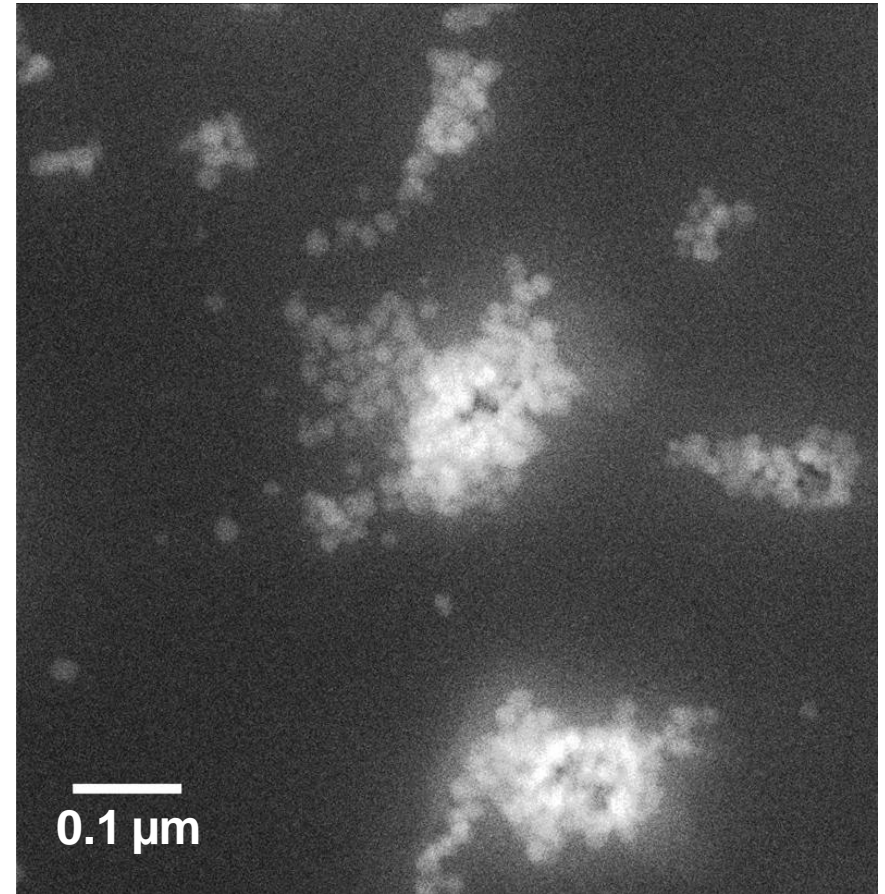
*irradiation-induced cavitation
in aggregates*

III.3 Tilting tomography in TEM

Tilted series , $-58^\circ / 30^\circ$, step 4°



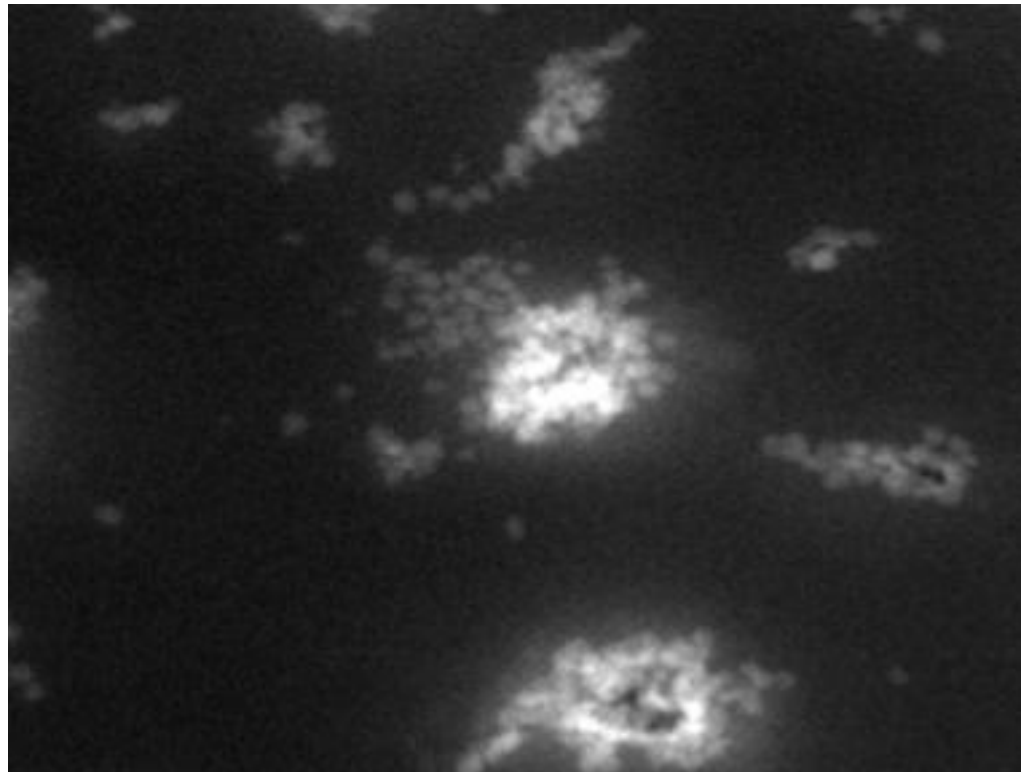
STEM-HAADF

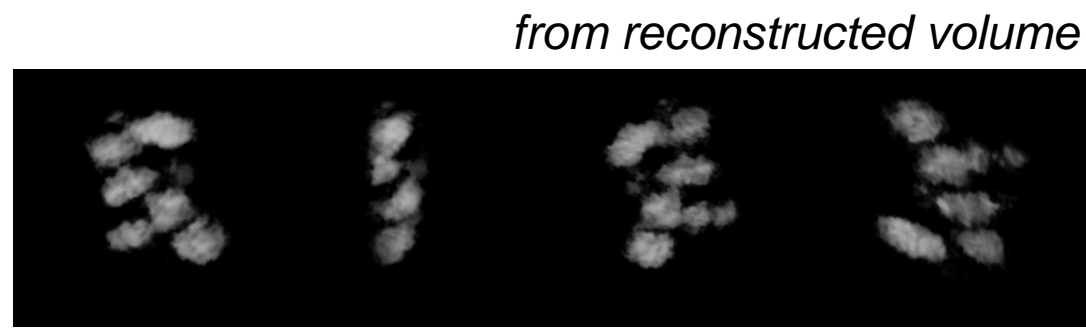
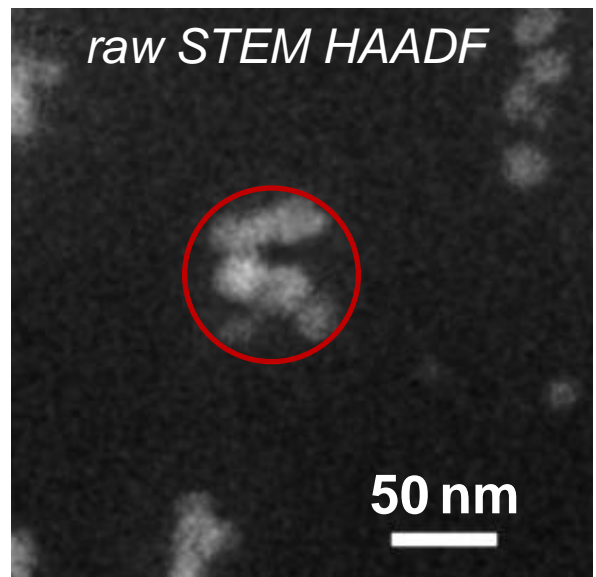


III.3 Tilting tomography in TEM

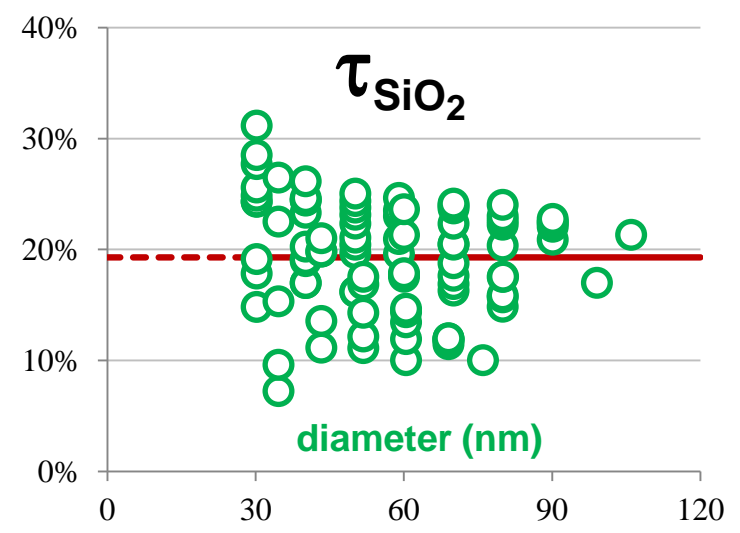
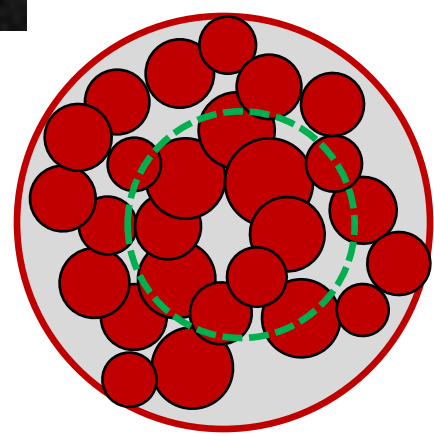
Tilted series , $-58^\circ / 30^\circ$, step 4°

0.1 μm





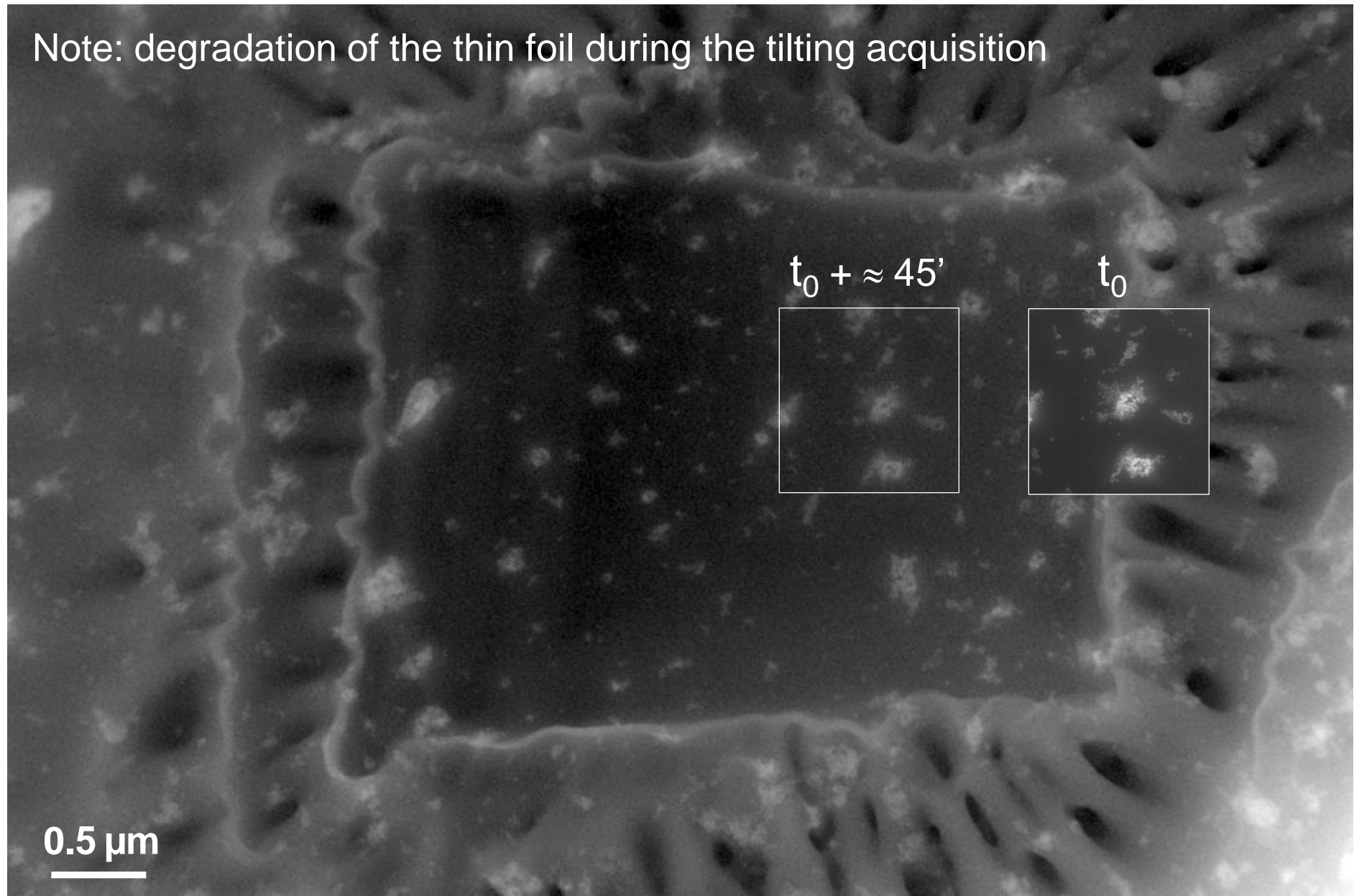
● Clear evidence for a low density τ_{SiO_2} of NPs in aggregates



$$\tau_{\text{SiO}_2} \approx \text{Cst}^t = 20\% \pm 10\%$$

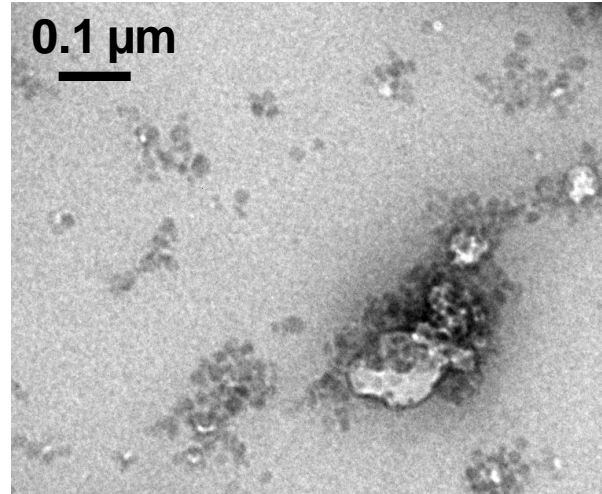
$$V_{\text{SiO}_2}^{\text{corrected}} \approx \tau_{\text{SiO}_2} V_{\text{SiO}_2}^{\text{apparent}} \text{ and } F_{\text{SiO}_2}^{\text{corrected}} = \tau_{\text{SiO}_2} F_{\text{SiO}_2}^{\text{apparent}} = 0.2 * 4.9\% \approx 1\% \pm 0.5\%$$

Note: degradation of the thin foil during the tilting acquisition



IV. Conclusion

- For the chemists in polymer science: nucleation of voids within the aggregates...



- Interest of coupling tomographic techniques at different and complementary scales (FIB / (SEM) / TEM)
- Complements to this approach:
 - (i) communication Y. LIU on TEM tomography of CNTs@P(S-BuA) polymer nanocomposites
 - (ii) posters H. YUAN et al. (live drift corrections in FIB 3D), Y. LIU et al. (quantification of shrinkage)

Please apologize for this unusual conclusion...



Agnès BOGNER-VAN DE MOORTELE
our colleague, assistant–professor (MATEIS lab.)
our co-author,
our FRIEND

passed away on Tuesday, February 28, just one week ago.
She was only 35.

She has been fighting during 2 years against an unfair
illness, with her youth, her kindness, her simplicity.


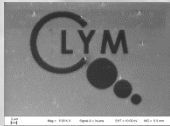

It is just too sad.

Her husband, Bertrand VAN DE MOORTELE, is also
our colleague, our co-author, our FRIEND.

We are just with him.



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- platform **CLYM** at *Lyon*
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- **Thierry DOUILLARD, Nick BLANCHARD, Armel DESCAMPS-MANDINE**
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Pierre ALCOUFFE, Sylvie DESCARTES, Annie MALCHÈRE, Albert PERRAT, France SIMONET for taking care of the XL30 ESEM-FEG;
Béatrice VACHER, Sophie CAZOTTES, Cyril LANGLOIS , A.M.
for taking care of the 2010 TEM-FEG 
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